ULTRA-LOW VOLTAGE OPERATION CHARGE PUMP IC FOR STEP-UP DC-DC CONVERTER STARTUP S-882Z Series

The S-882Z Series is a charge pump IC for step-up DC-DC converter startup, which differs from conventional charge pump ICs, in that it uses fully depleted SOI (Silicon on Insulator) technology to enable ultra-low voltage operation.

Being capable of stepping up an extremely low input voltage of 0.3 to 0.35 V, this series enables the efficient use of very low energy levels. The stepped up electric power is stored in a startup capacitor, and it is discharged as the startup power of the step-up DC-DC converter when the startup capacitor reaches the discharge start voltage level.

Moreover, a built-in shutdown function is also provided, so that when the output voltage of the connected step-up DC-DC converter rises above a given value, the operation is stopped, thereby achieving significant power saving and battery life extension.

The S-882Z Series chips come in a small SOT-23-5 package, allowing high-density mounting.

Features

- Operating input voltage 0.3 to 3.0 V
- Current consumption During operation : 0.5 mA max. (at $V_{IN} = 0.3 V$)
 - During shutdown : 0.6 μ A max. (at V_{IN} = 0.3 V)

350 kHz typ. (at $V_{IN} = 0.3 V$)

- Discharge start voltage 1.8 to 2.4 V (selectable in 0.2 V steps)
- Shutdown voltage Discharge start voltage + 0.1 V (fixed)
- Oscillation frequency
- Small package SOT-23-5 package
- External component Startup capacitor (C_{CPOUT}), 1 unit^{*1}
- Lead-free products
- *1. The addition of a Schottky diode or a power smoothing capacitor may be necessary depending on the output smoothing capacitor value of the step-up DC-DC converter and the output voltage value. (Refer to Example of Connection with Step-up DC-DC Converter.)

Applications

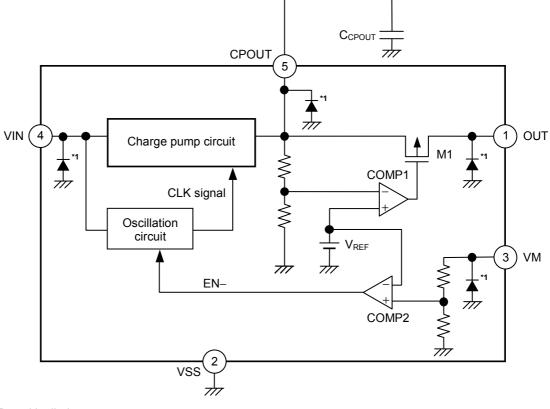
- Stepping up from low-voltage power supply such as solar cell and fuel cell
- Stepping up internal power supply voltage of RF tag
- · Intermittent power supply to intermittently operating system

Package

Package Name	Drawing Code			
	Package	Таре	Reel	
SOT-23-5	MP005-A	MP005-A	MP005-A	

ULTRA-LOW VOLTAGE OPERATION CHARGE PUMP IC FOR STEP-UP DC-DC CONVERTER STARTUP S-882Z Series Rev.1.2_00

Block Diagram



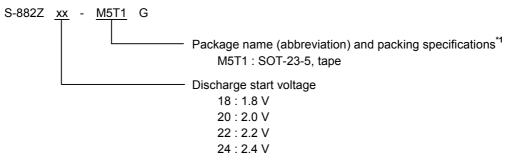
*1. Parasitic diode

Figure 1

Product Name Structure

The discharge start voltage for the S-882Z Series can be selected at the user's request. Refer to **"1. Product Name"** for the definition of the product name and **"2. Product Name List"** for the full product names.

1. Product Name



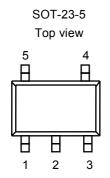
*1. Refer to the taping specifications at the end of this book.

2. Product Name List

	Table 1	
Discharge Start Voltage	Shutdown Voltage	Product Name
$1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$	$1.9 \ V \pm 0.1 \ V$	S-882Z18-M5T1G
$2.0~V\pm0.1~V$	$2.1~V\pm0.1~V$	S-882Z20-M5T1G
$2.2~V\pm0.1~V$	$2.3~V\pm0.1~V$	S-882Z22-M5T1G
$2.4~V\pm0.1~V$	$2.5~V\pm0.1~V$	S-882Z24-M5T1G

Remark Contact the SII marketing department for products with discharge start voltage other than those specified above.

Pin Configurations



-	_	
Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	OUT	Output pin (step-up DC-DC converter connection pin)
2	VSS	GND pin
3	VM	Step-up DC-DC converter output voltage monitor pin
4	VIN	Power supply input pin
5	CPOUT	Startup capacitor connection pin

Table 2

Figure 2

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 3

		(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise	e specified)
Parameter	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
VIN pin voltage	V _{IN}	V_{SS} – 0.3 to V_{SS} + 3.3	V
CPOUT pin voltage	V _{CPOUT}	$V_{\rm SS}$ – 0.3 to $V_{\rm SS}$ + 3.3	V
OUT pin voltage	V _{OUT}	$V_{\rm SS}$ – 0.3 to $V_{\rm SS}$ + 3.3	V
VM pin voltage	V _{VM}	$V_{\rm SS}-0.3$ to $V_{\rm SS}+3.3$	V
Power dissipation	PD	300 (When not mounted on board)	mW
		600 ^{*1}	mW
Operating ambient temperature	T _{opr}	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +125	°C
±4) 4 // / / / /			

*1. When mounted on board

[Mounted board]

(1) Board size: 114.3 mm \times 76.2 mm \times t1.6 mm

(2) Board name: JEDEC STANDARD51-7

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

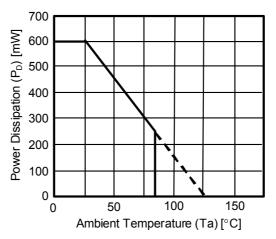


Figure 3 Power Dissipation of Package (When Mounted on Board)

ULTRA-LOW VOLTAGE OPERATION CHARGE PUMP IC FOR STEP-UP DC-DC CONVERTER STARTUP Rev.1.2_00 S-882Z Series

Table A

Electrical Characteristics

		Table 4		(Ta = 2	5°C unless	s otherwise	e specified)
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Measurement Circuit
Discharge start voltage ^{*1}	V _{CPOUT1}	V _{IN} = 0.35 V	V _{CPOUT1(S)} - 0.1	V _{CPOUT1(S)}	$V_{CPOUT1(S)} + 0.1$	V	1
Discharge stop voltage ^{*2}	V _{CPOUT2}	$V_{CPOUT1(S)} = 1.8 V$	V _{CPOUT1} - 0.60	_	V _{CPOUT1} - 0.33	V	1
Venage		$V_{CPOUT1(S)} = 2.0 V$	V _{CPOUT1} - 0.67	_	V _{CPOUT1} - 0.33	V	1
		$V_{CPOUT1(S)} = 2.2 V$	V _{CPOUT1} - 0.74	_	V _{CPOUT1} - 0.33	V	1
		$V_{CPOUT1(S)} = 2.4 V$	V _{CPOUT1} - 0.80	_	V _{CPOUT1} - 0.33	V	1
Operating input voltage ^{*3}	V _{IN}	V _{CPOUT1(S)} = 1.8 to 2.4 V, Ta = -40 to +85°C	0.35	_	3.0	V	2
		V _{CPOUT1(S)} = 1.8, 2.0 V, Ta = -30 to +60°C	0.30	_	3.0	V	2
Oscillation start voltage	V _{ST}	Not externally connected, voltage applied to V_{IN}	_	_	0.3	V	-
Discharge control switch resistance	R _{M1}	$V_{CPOUT} = 1.8$ to 2.4 V, $I_{OUT} = 3$ mA	_	34	100	Ω	3
Discharge start delay time*4	touт	V_{IN} = 0.35 V, C_{CPOUT} = 10 μF	-	7	25	S	2
Discharge start voltage temperature coefficient	ΔVcpout1 ΔTa • Vcpout1	Ta = -40 to +85°C	_	±150	±550	ppm/°C	_
Current	I _{SS}	$V_{IN} = 0.3 V, V_{CPOUT} = 0 V$	-	0.1	0.5	mA	4
consumption		$V_{IN} = 0.6 V, V_{CPOUT} = 0 V$	-	0.5	1.5	mA	4
during operation		$V_{IN} = 1.0 V, V_{CPOUT} = 0 V$	-	1.2	3.0	mA	4
Current	Isss	$V_{IN} = 0.3 \text{ V}, V_{CPOUT} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{VM} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.6	μA	5
consumption		$V_{IN} = 0.6 \text{ V}, V_{CPOUT} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{VM} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	_	0.7	μA	5
during shutdown		$V_{IN} = 1.0 \text{ V}, V_{CPOUT} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{VM} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	_	0.7	μA	5
		$V_{IN} = 2.0 \text{ V}, V_{CPOUT} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{VM} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	_	0.8	μA	5
Shutdown voltage ^{*5}	V _{OFF}	$V_{\text{IN}} = 0.3 \text{ V}, V_{\text{CPOUT}} = 0 \text{V}$	V _{OFF(S)} - 0.1	V _{OFF(S)}	V _{OFF(S)} + 0.1	V	6
Shutdown voltage temperature coefficient	$\frac{\Delta V_{OFF}}{\Delta Ta \bullet V_{OFF}}$	Ta = −40 to +85°C	-	±150	±550	ppm/°C	-
Discharge control switch leak current ^{*6}	I _{LEAK}		_	-	0.1	μA	7
VM pin input current	I _{VM}	V _{VM} = 3.0 V	-	1.0	1.9	μA	8
Oscillation frequency	fosc	$V_{IN} = 0.3 V$	_	350	-	kHz	_

*1. V_{CPOUT1} : Actual discharge start voltage value, V_{CPOUT1(S)} : Discharge start voltage setting value

*2. Voltage at which discharge to the OUT pin stops

*3. Input voltage required to start discharge to the OUT pin from the startup capacitor

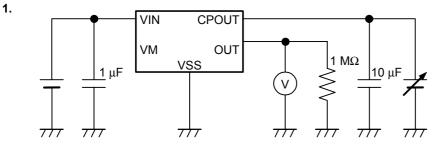
*4. Delay time from when power is input to the VIN pin until the electric charge of the startup capacitor is discharged to the OUT pin

*5. V_{OFF}: Actual shutdown voltage value (VM pin voltage value at which shutdown actually occurs) V_{OFF(S)}: Shutdown voltage setting value (VM pin voltage setting value at which shutdown occurs) V_{OFF(S)} is automatically set to V_{CPOUT1(S)} + 0.1 V.

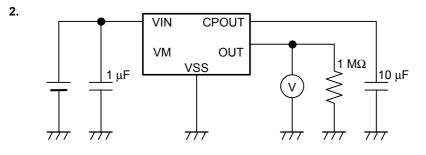
*6. Current that flows into the IC from the OUT pin due to the off-leak current of the discharge control switch

Caution The voltage that is input to the connected step-up DC-DC converter varies according to the consumption current of the step-up DC-DC converter and the power smoothing capacitor. Set the discharge start voltage based on thorough evaluation including the temperature characteristics under the actual usage conditions.

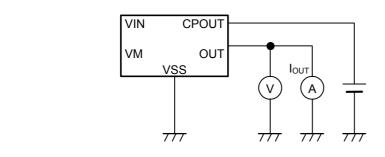
Measurement Circuits



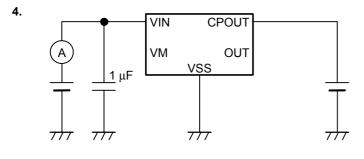














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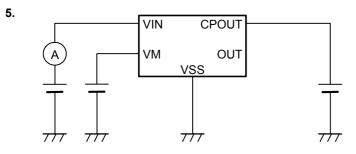


Figure 8

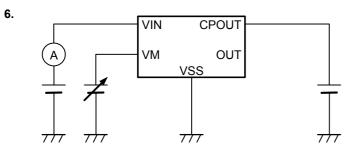


Figure 9

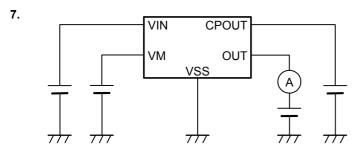


Figure 10

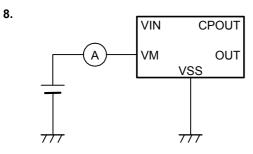


Figure 11

Operation

1. Basic Operation : IC with 2.0 V Discharge Start Voltage

- (1) In the S-882Z Series, when power of 0.3 V or higher is input to the VIN pin, the oscillation circuit starts operation with that power, and the CLK signal is output from the oscillation circuit.
- (2) The charge pump circuit is driven by this CLK signal, and the power of the VIN pin is converted to the stepped up electric power in the charge pump circuit.
- (3) The stepped up electric power output from the charge pump circuit is gradually charged to the startup capacitor (C_{CPOUT}) connected to the CPOUT pin and the voltage of the CPOUT pin gradually rises.
- (4) When the CPOUT pin voltage (V_{CPOUT}) reaches or exceeds the discharge start voltage (V_{CPOUT1}), the output signal of the comparator (COMP1) changes from high level to low. As a result, the discharge control switch (M1), which was off, turns on.
- (5) When M1 switches on, the step up electric power charged to C_{CPOUT} is discharged from the OUT pin.
- (6) When V_{CPOUT} declines to the level of the discharge stop voltage (V_{CPOUT2}) as the result of the discharge, M1 switches off, and the discharge is stopped.
- (7) When the VM pin voltage (V_{VM}) reaches or exceeds the shutdown voltage (V_{OFF}), the output signal (EN–) of the comparator (COMP2) changes from low level to high. As a result, the oscillation circuit stops operation and the shutdown state is entered.
- (8) When V_{VM} does not reach V_{OFF} or more, the stepped up electric power from the charge pump circuit is recharged to C_{CPOUT}. (Retun to the operation specified in (3).)
- Caution When stopping the discharge to OUT pin and recharging a startup capacitor (C_{CPOUT}), C_{CPOUT} is needed to be charged until CPOUT pin voltage (V_{CPOUT}) is lowered less than discharge stop voltage (V_{CPOUT2}). In this case, set the condition as follows:

Condition: Out pin voltage (VOUT)<Discharge stop voltage (VCPOUT2)

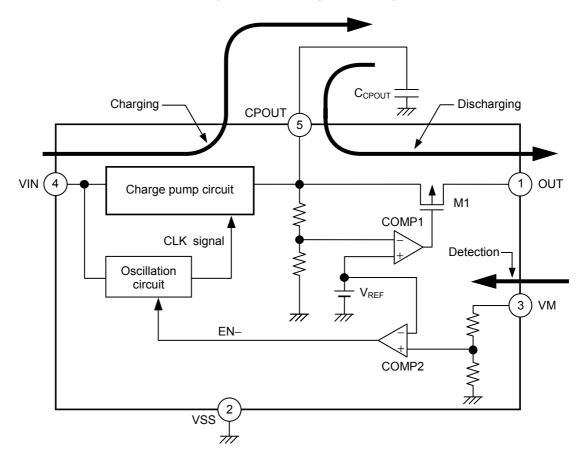


Figure 12 Operation Diagram Seiko Instruments Inc.

2. Step-up DC-DC Converter Output Voltage Monitor Pin (VM Pin)

When the output voltage of the step-up DC-DC converter to be monitored rises and the VM pin voltage (V_{VM}) reaches or exceeds the shutdown voltage (V_{OFF}), the shutdown state is entered. When this happens, the internal oscillation circuit stops its operation, so that the charge pump circuit operation stops, and greatly reduces the power consumption. **Figure 13** shows the configuration of the VM pin.

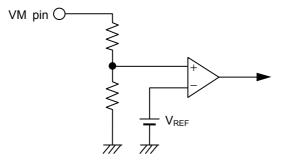


Table 5			
VM Pin	Internal Circuit		
$V_{VM} < V_{OFF}$	Operating		
$V_{VM} \geq V_{OFF}$	Shutdown		

Figure 13 VM Pin Configuration

Set V_{VM} during shutdown as follows.

$$\label{eq:VM} \begin{split} V_{VM} &\geq V_{IN} + 1.0 \ V \\ V_{VM} &\geq V_{OUT} \end{split}$$

When $V_{VM} < V_{IN} + 1.0$ V occurs, the shutdown current consumption increases. When $V_{VM} < V_{OUT}$ occurs, the discharge control switch leak current increases.

- Caution1. When not using the VM pin, be sure to connect it to the VSS pin. If the VM pin is left open, it may cause malfunctions.
 - Note that the operation to restart a step-up DC-DC converter does not start when CPOUT pin voltage (V_{CPOUT}) exceeds the discharge stop voltage (V_{CPOUT2}) even if the power-off state is released. This operation restarts if V_{CPOUT} is lowered than V_{CPOUT2} by discharge of a start-up capacitor (C_{CPOUT}).

■ Selection of Product and Startup Capacitor (C_{CPOUT})

To reliably start up the step-up DC-DC converter, in the S-882Z Series, select the discharge start voltage value (V_{CPOUT1}) and the capacitance value of the external startup capacitor (C_{CPOUT}) according to the step-up DC-DC converter to be started, its external parts, and the output load.

Generally, an output smoothing capacitor with a large capacitance value and an output load are connected to the output pin of the step-up DC-DC converter. Therefore, to start up the step-up DC-DC converter thus connected, it is necessary to select a large capacitance value for the startup capacitor.

As a reference, the following shows an example that a Schottky diode (SD1) is added between the output pin (OUT) and the power supply pin (VDD) of the step-up DC-DC converter to be started up in the S-882Z Series (refer to **Figure 14**). As a result, it is possible to start up the step-up DC-DC converter by the capacitor with a small value.

C_{VDD} in Figure 14 is the power supply smoothing capacitor of the step-up DC-DC converter.

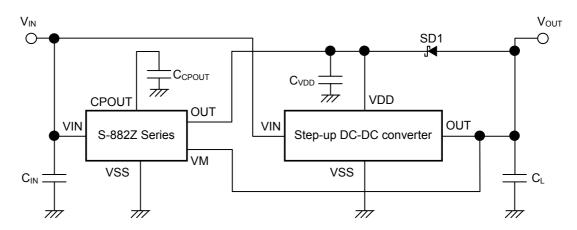


Figure 14 Connection Diagram (Reference)

The selection method for V_{CPOUT1} and C_{CPOUT} when the reference connection shown in **Figure 14** has been performed is described below.

Select V_{CPOUT1} and C_{CPOUT} so that they satisfy the following conditional expression.

$$\left(\frac{V_{CPOUT1} \bullet C_{CPOUT}}{C_{CPOUT} + C_{VDD}} - 0.1 \bullet I_{VDD} - V_{DDL} \right) \bullet (C_{CPOUT} + C_{VDD}) > 2t_{S} \bullet I_{VDD}$$

$$V_{CPOUT1} > V_{DDL} + 0.2 V$$

 $C_{\text{CPOUT}} > 10 C_{\text{VDD}}$

V_{CPOUT1} : Discharge start voltage value of S-882Z Series (unit : V)

 C_{CPOUT} : Capacitance value of startup capacitor (unit : μF)

C_{VDD}: Capacitance value of power smoothing capacitor for step-up DC-DC converter (unit : μF)

I_{VDD}: Consumption current value of step-up DC-DC converter (unit : mA)

V_{DDL} : Minimum operation voltage of step-up DC-DC converter (unit : V)

 t_S : Step-up DC-DC converter startup time \cong Soft start time (unit : ms)

If the Schottky diode (SD1) has a large reverse current or if a pull-down resistor is added to the OUT pin of the S-882Z Series, add the current value generated from these to the current consumption (I_{VDD}) of the step-up DC-DC converter.

Moreover, if a Schottky diode is added between the OUT pin of the S-882Z Series and the power supply pin (VDD pin) of the step-up DC-DC converter, set V_{CPOUT1} so that it is higher by the amount corresponding to the forward drop voltage (V_F) of the added Schottky diode in comparison to the discharge start voltage value (V_{CPOUT1}) obtained with the above described conditional expression.

- Cautions 1. The S-882Z Series can start up the step-up DC-DC converter more reliably as the discharge start voltage value (V_{CPOUT1}) and the startup capacitor value (C_{CPOUT}) are larger. However, note that the time from when the input power is input until the step-up DC-DC converter starts becomes longer in this case.
 - In the S-882Z Series, C_{CPOUT} can be more lowered as V_{CPOUT1} is higher, but note that if V_{CPOUT1} ≥ 2.2 V, the minimum value of the operation input voltage (the minimum input voltage value required for power to be output from the OUT pin of the S-882Z Series) rises from 0.3 V to 0.35 V (refer to Table 6).

Table 6				
Discharge Start Voltage Value	Minimum Operation Input Voltage Value	Temperature Range		
1.8, 2.0 V	0.3 V	−30 to +60°C		
1.8 to 2.4 V	0.35 V	–40 to +85°C		

Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

Standard Circuit

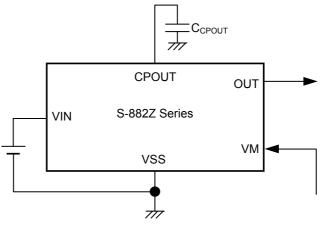


Figure 15

Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

■ Example of Connection with Step-up DC-DC Converter

The following are the connection examples based on the set condition.

The symbols used in the connection diagram are described in **Table 7** below.

Table 7				
Symbol	Description			
SD1	A Schottky diode for preventing a voltage decline in the VDD pin due to output capacitor C_{L} at step-up DC-DC converter startup.			
C _{VDD}	The power smoothing capacitor of the step-up DC-DC converter. Set the capacitance value so that $C_{VDD} \leq C_{CPOUT} \times 0.1$.			
SD2, R _{OUT}	A Schottky diode and pull-down resistor to prevent the OUT pin voltage of the S-882Z Series from exceeding the absolute maximum rated voltage.			
R1, R2	Bleeder resistors to prevent the VM pin voltage of the S-882Z Series from exceeding the absolute maximum rated voltage.			

1. $V_{\text{OUT}} \leq 3.0 \text{ V}, C_L \leq C_{\text{CPOUT}} \times 0.1, \text{ no load}$

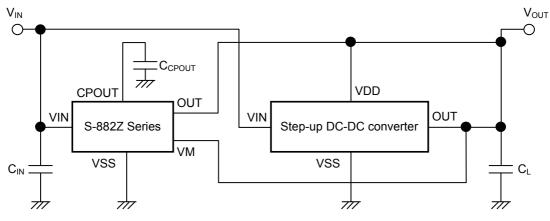
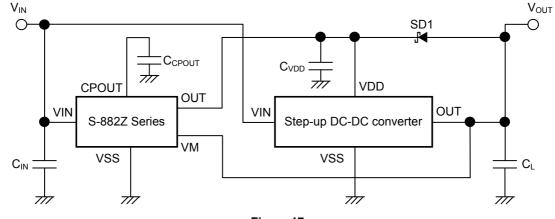


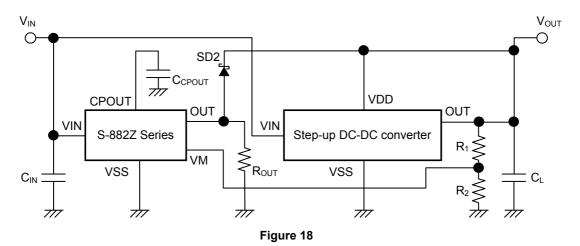
Figure 16



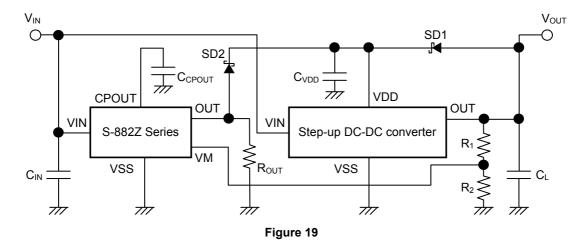
2. $V_{OUT} \leq 3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ } \text{C}_{\text{L}} > \text{C}_{\text{CPOUT}} \times 0.1$



3. $V_{OUT} > 3.0 \text{ V}, C_L \le C_{CPOUT} \times 0.1$, no load



4. $V_{OUT} > 3.0 V$, $C_L > C_{CPOUT} \times 0.1$



Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

Precautions

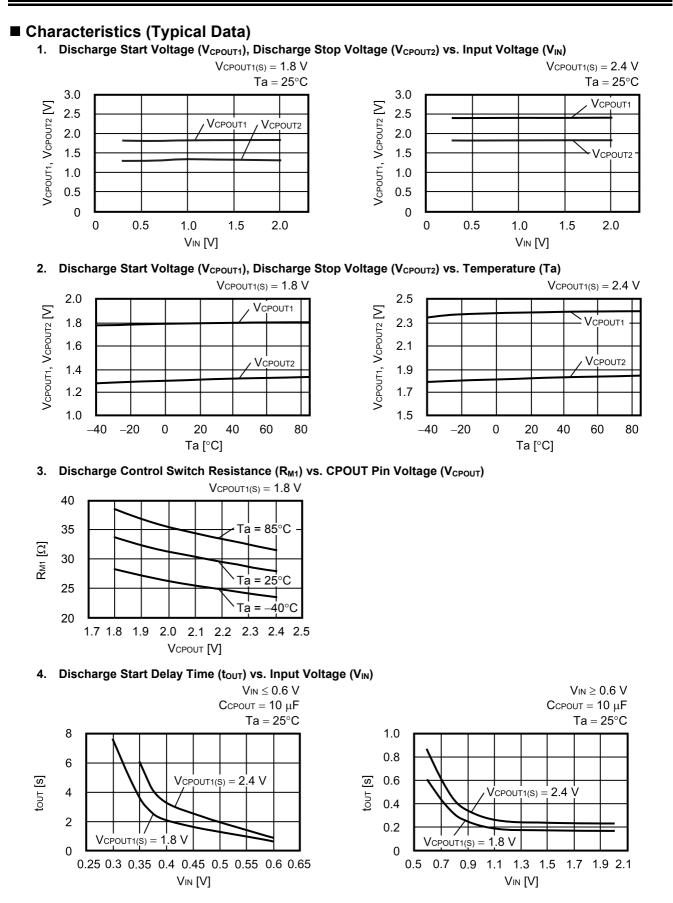
- If the consumption current (I_{SSS}) during shutdown needs to be kept at 0.8 μA or lower, set the VM pin voltage (V_{VM}) so that conditions (1) and (2) below are satisfied.
 - (1) $V_{VM} \ge V_{OFF}$

(2) V_{IN} + 1.0 V \leq V_{VM} \leq 3.0 V

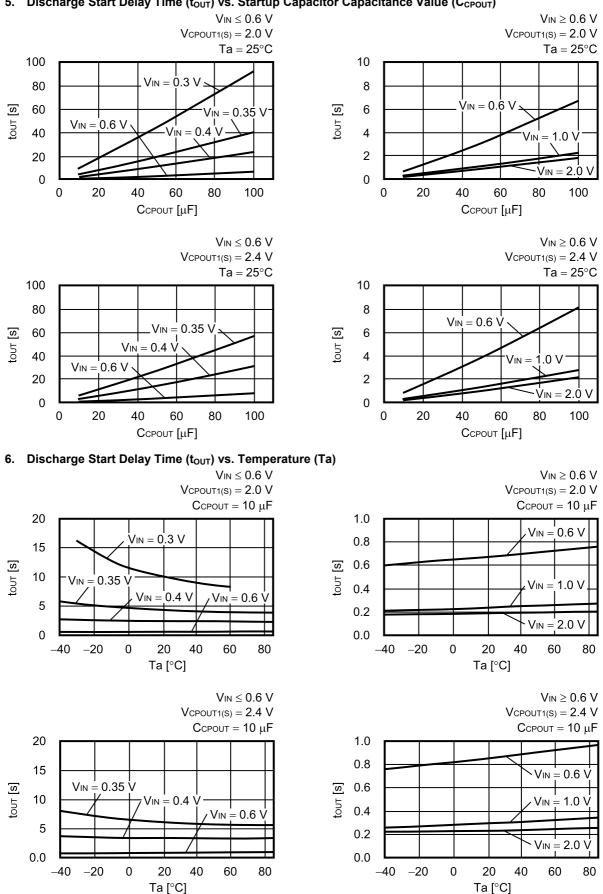
- If the discharge start voltage (V_{CPOUT1}) of this IC is lower than the operating voltage of the step-up DC-DC converter to be started, the step-up DC-DC converter may not start up. When selecting products, fully check them using an actually mounted model. (Refer to ■ Selection of Product and Startup Capacitor (C_{CPOUT}).)
- Select a capacitor with a sufficiently large capacitance for the startup capacitor. In the case of a capacitor with insufficient capacitance, the step-up DC-DC converter may not start up. When selecting products, fully check them using an actually mounted model. (Refer to Selection of Product and Startup Capacitor (C_{CPOUT}).)
- The discharge start delay time (t_{OUT}) is longer according to conditions (1), (2), and (3) below. Also note it is further longer when these conditions are combined.
 - (1) The operating input voltage (V_{IN}) is low.
 - (2) The discharge start voltage (V_{CPOUT1}) is high.
 - (3) The startup capacitor value (C_{CPOUT}) is large.
- When stopping the discharge to OUT pin and recharging a startup capacitor (C_{CPOUT}), C_{CPOUT} is needed to be charged until CPOUT pin voltage (V_{CPOUT}) is lowered less than discharge stop voltage (V_{CPOUT2}). In this case, set the condition as follows:

Condition: OUT pin voltage (V_{OUT})< Discharge stop voltage (V_{CPOUT2})

- Note that the operation to restart a step-up DC-DC converter does not start when CPOUT pin voltage (V_{CPOUT}) exceeds the discharge stop voltage (V_{CPOUT2}) even if the power-off state is released. This operation restarts if V_{CPOUT} is lowered than V_{CPOUT2} by discharge of a start-up capacitor (C_{CPOUT}).
- When designing for mass production using an application circuit described herein, the product deviation and temperature characteristics should be taken into consideration. SII shall not bear any responsibility for the products on the circuits described herein.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- SII claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

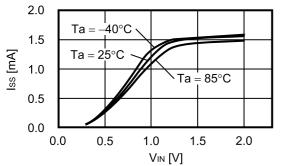


ULTRA-LOW VOLTAGE OPERATION CHARGE PUMP IC FOR STEP-UP DC-DC CONVERTER STARTUP S-882Z Series Rev.1.2_00

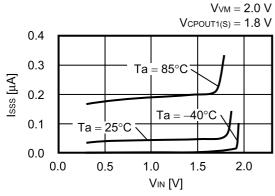


5. Discharge Start Delay Time (tout) vs. Startup Capacitor Capacitance Value (CCPOUT)

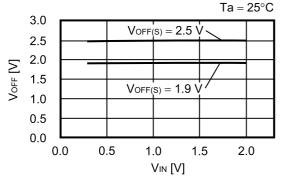
7. Current Consumption During Operation (I_{SS}) vs. Input Voltage (V_{IN})

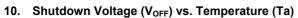


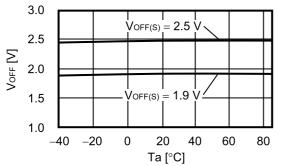


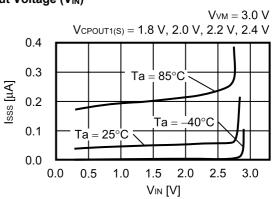


9. Shutdown Voltage (VOFF) vs. Input Voltage (VIN)

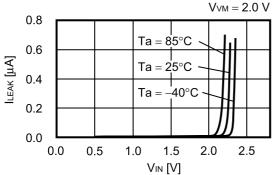


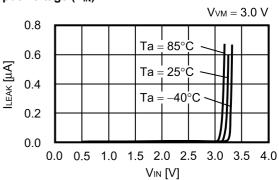




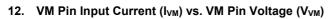


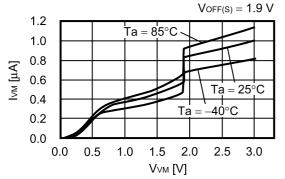
ULTRA-LOW VOLTAGE OPERATION CHARGE PUMP IC FOR STEP-UP DC-DC CONVERTER STARTUP S-882Z Series Rev.1.2_00



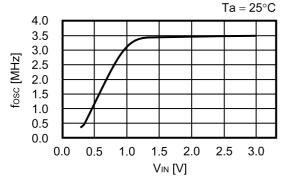


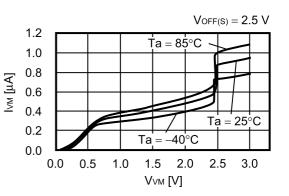
11. Discharge Control Switch Leak Current (I $_{\text{LEAK}})$ vs. Input Voltage (V $_{\text{IN}})$





13. Oscillation Frequency (f_{OSC}) vs. Input Voltage (V_{IN})





■ Application Circuit Example

Figure 20 shows an application circuit example with targeted values of $V_{IN} = 0.3 V$, $V_{OUT} = 3.0 V$, and $I_{OUT} = 1 mA$.

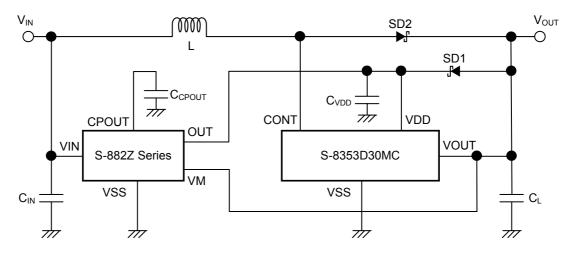


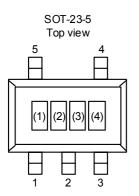
Figure 20

Table 8				
Part Name	Symbol	Manufacturer	Part No.	
S-882Z Series	-	Seiko Instruments Inc.	S-882Z20-M5T1G (Discharge start voltage value setting : 2.0 V)	
Step-up DC-DC converter	_	Seiko Instruments Inc.	S-8353D30MC (Output voltage setting : 3.0 V)	
Inductor	L	Sumida Corporation	CDRH5D18-101 (100 μH)	
Schottky diode	SD1, SD2	Rohm Co., Ltd.	RB551V-30	
Startup capacitor	CCPOUT	_	10 μF (ceramic type)	
Input capacitor	CIN	_	47 μF	
Output capacitor	CL	_	33 μF (ESR > 50 mΩ)	
Power smoothing capacitor	C _{VDD}	_	1 μF (ceramic type)	

Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

Marking Specifications

(1) SOT-23-5

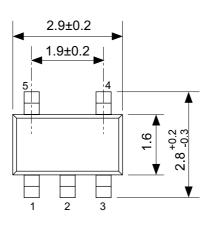


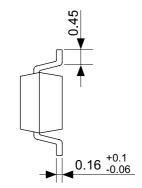
(4):

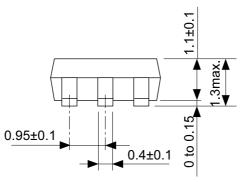
(1) to (3): Product code (Refer to **Product Name vs. Product Code**.) Lot number

Product Name vs. Product Code

Product Name	Product Code			
1 Toddet Maine	(1)	(2)	(3)	
S-882Z18-M5T1G	Q	Y	А	
S-882Z20-M5T1G	Q	Y	В	
S-882Z22-M5T1G	Q	Y	С	
S-882Z24-M5T1G	Q	Y	D	

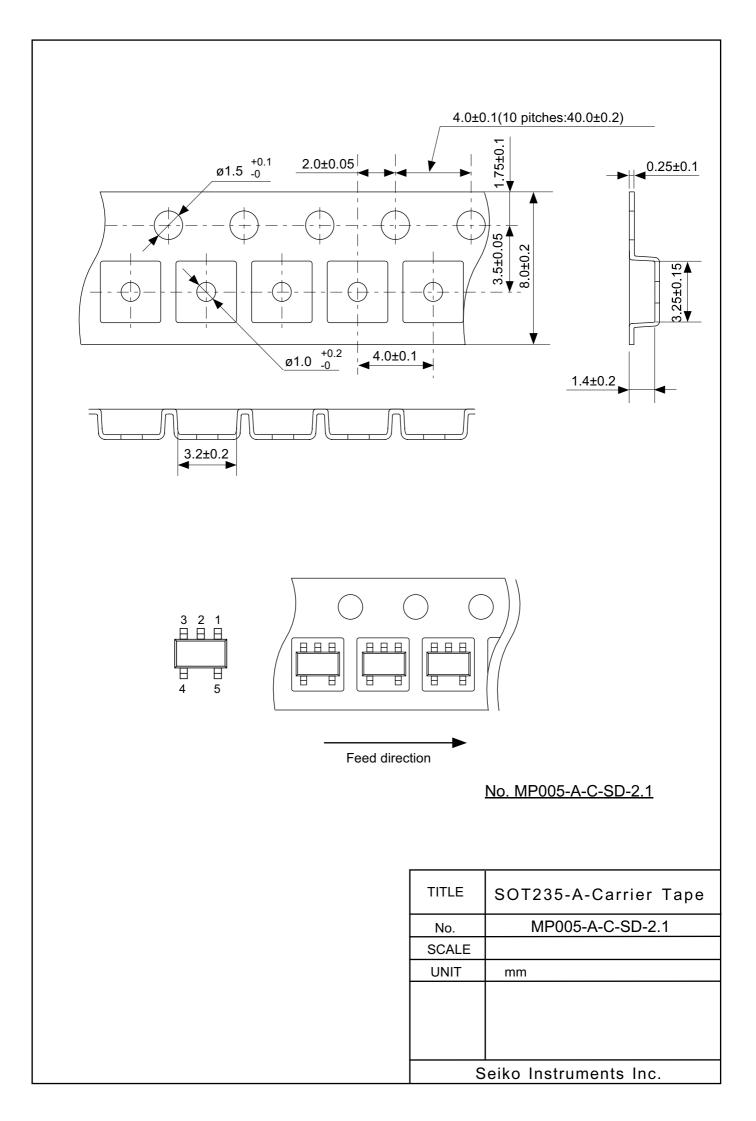


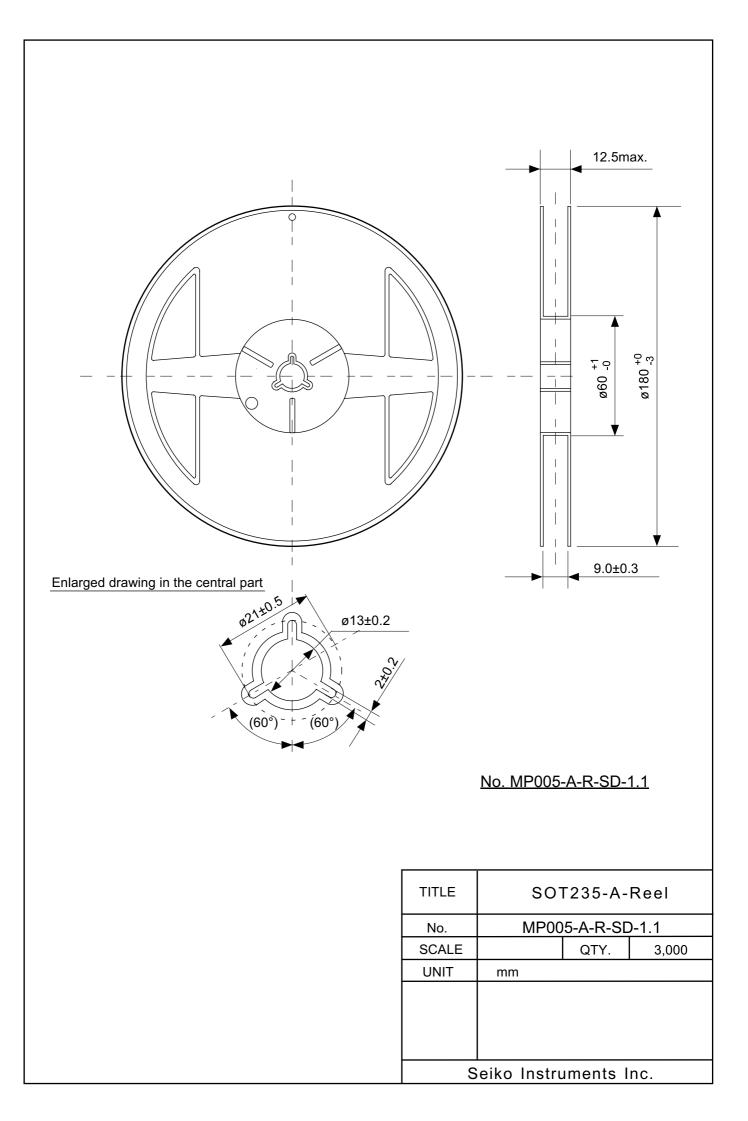




No. MP005-A-P-SD-1.2

TITLE	SOT235-A-PKG Dimensions	
No.	MP005-A-P-SD-1.2	
SCALE		
UNIT	mm	
Seiko Instruments Inc.		





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